James turns on a flashlight in his bedroom and shines it on his wall one meter away to produce a small circle of light. He then shines the flashlight on his ceiling two meters away to produce a larger circle of light.

a) Does more light reach the ceiling than the wall? (Check one)





b) Explain your answer.

Amount of light on wall and ceiling						P02	
Content Category	Performance Expectation	ltem Key	Sco Poi	ore nts	International Average Percentage of 8th Grade Students Responding Correctly	Used in 199	
Physics	Theorizing, Analyzing and Solving Problems	Rubric		1	24	N	
James turns on a flashlight in his bedroom and shines it on his wall one meter away to produce a small circle of light. He then shines the flashlight on his ceiling two meters away to produce a larger circle of light. a) Does more light reach the ceiling than the wall?		Note: A correct response is based on the same amount of light reaching both the ceiling and the wall but being more spread out (less bright) on the ceiling. Correct responses must identify NO and include an explanation that states that the light is the same (Code 10) or that indicates that the light is just more spread out (less bright) on the ceiling without explicitly stating same (Code 11). If the explanation merely repeats information that is in the stem, it is scored as incorrect (Code 71) even if NO is checked. If a response indicates that there is less light on the ceiling, the explanation must include a correct reason based on more air absorption/scattering at a greater distance to receive the correct Code 12. Responses that indicate less light at a greater distance without further explanation should receive Code 70.				nd the 0) or <b>it</b> t is in licates ased 2. hould	
(Check one)			Code	Respons	se Item: S022043		
			Co	orrect R	rect Response		
Yes No			10	No. Exp more spi	lains that the <b>same</b> amount of light reaches the wall and ceiling. (May also refer to l read out on the ceiling or less concentrated/focused/bright)	ight being	
				Exan	nples: No. It is going to be the same amount of light because James is using the sa No. The light might be bigger but will not be as bright. They are equal. No. The same amount of light hits the ceiling but is more spread out.	ume flashlight.	
			11 l	No. Exp distance.	lains (or shows in a diagram) that light is (only) more spread out (less bright) at a g . (Does <b>not</b> explicitly state that the light is the same.)	reater	
		-		Exan	nple: No. It only looks bigger because it spreads out more as it gets farther away	2.	
b) Explain your answer.			12	No. Exp distance.	lams that <b>less</b> light reaches the ceiling because of more air absorption/scattering at a .	greater	
			10	No Othe	npre. No. The centre is juriner away, and a title bit more of the light is source t	ip by the utr.	
			Incorrect Response		Response		
			70 1	No. State (Does no	es that less light reaches the ceiling with inadequate explanation related to distance to include explanation of less light due to air absorption or scattering as in Code 12).	from source.	
				Exan	nples: No. Because the flashlight is closer to the wall, the wall will receive more l No. The ceiling is further than the wall is so there is less light.	ight.	
			71 I	No. Othe stem).	er incorrect/inadequate or no explanation. (Includes explanations that merely paraph	rase the	
				Exan	nple: No. When it is close its a smaller circle.		
			72	Yes. Exp <i>Exan</i>	planation based on light being bigger or more spread out. nples: Yes. Because the light makes a bigger circle. Yes. Because if you move back it makes a large circle on the wall and if you it makes a small circle. Yes. The further it goes, the bigger it gets.	u move close	
			73	Yes. Oth	her incorrect/inadequate or no explanation.		
			79 (	Other in	correct (including crossed out/erased, stray marks, illegible, or off task).		
			No	onrespo	nse		
			99 1	BLANK			